Suttascripziun candidata / candidat:

Lieu / data:

# Englais (rumantsch grischun)

max. puncts	145
I Listening	20
II Structures	85
III Reading	20
IV Writing	20

Durada: I 15 minutas, II- IV 60 minutas

#### Vegn emplenì dals magisters che curregian

Correctura	data:	visum:	puncts:
I Listening		20	
II Structures		85	
III Reading		20	
IV Writing		20	
	puncts cı	untanschids total 🕨	
Controlla	data:	visum:	puncts:
I Listening		20	
II Structures		85	
III Reading		20	
IV Writing		20	
	puncts cı	untanschids total 🕨	
Controlla posteriura	data:	visum:	puncts:
I Listening		20	
II Structures		85	
III Reading		20	
IV Writing		20	
puncts cuntanschids total ►			

Examen unitar 2024 Rom: Englais (rumantsch grischun)

### Part I: Listening

#### **Instructions**

- $\rightarrow$  Do not turn this page before the speaker tells you.
- $\rightarrow$  Only remove the sticker when the speaker tells you.

#### How does the listening work?

- 1 You have 60 seconds to read the instructions.
- 2 You hear a beep.
- 3 The speaker tells you to remove the sticker and turn the page.You have 90 seconds to read the questions.
- 4 You hear a beep.
- 5 Listen to the recording and complete the task.
- 6 You hear a beep.
- 7 You hear the recording a second time.
- 8 You have 30 seconds to finish your answers.
- 9 You hear a double beep.
- 10 Continue with the exercises B L.

#### A Listening

Listen to a man talking about unusual British festivals. While listening, answer questions 1-9 with the letters A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H corresponding to the festivals. There is an example at the beginning. [20 points, 2 points each]

Example:	At which festival do they dance?	3	
A The Burnin	g of the Clavie		
B The Up He	ly Aa		
C Cheese Ro	lling		
D World Char	npionship Snail Racing		
E The Onion-	eating Contest		
F The Black F	Pudding Throwing Championship		
G The World	Gurning Championships		
H The Burnin	g the Clocks Festival		
1) Which fest	ival started only 20 years ago?		-
2) Which fest	ival began in the 1960s?		-
3) In which fe	stival do they use a whisky barrel?		-
4) Which fest	ivals take place in Gloucestershire?		&
5) Which fest	ival takes place on the 11 <sup>th</sup> of January?		-
6) Which con	test was won by a man without teeth?		-
7) In which festival is there a Viking Boat?			-
8) Which festival has to do with Yorkshire puddings?		-	
9) For which t	estival do you need to be very fit?		-



Examen unitar 2024 Rom: Englais (rumantsch grischun)

# Part II: Structures

#### **B** Tenses

Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense (present simple, present continuous, past simple) and form (positive, negative or question form). [10 points, 0.5 point each]

Lily and Jack Jack Jack	
(2 come) to the bus stop right now. When Lily	
(3 see) him, she	
– Morning Jack. What's up? I on (5 see / not) you on	
the bus to school yesterday. I	
(7 be) ill or something.	
– Hi Lily. I couldn't be fitter! We	
Winchester Science Centre with our science teacher. And you	
(9 know) it but you just forgot. We	
(10 talk) about it, remember?	
– That's right. Haha! Poor you! A museum! How boring!	
<ul> <li>– I'm telling you, it was great! Everybody</li></ul>	
it and we (12 learn) a lot.	
– But (13 you / hate / not) science?	
– Well, I admit I other	
subjects. But this was different. There	
deafening explosions and fascinating experiments. We	
(16 climb) into a massive guitar and then we	
(17 feel) it vibrate when somebody plucked the	
strings. We (18 have / also) the opportunity to	
climb into an enormous ear and fly through the stars in the Planetarium.	
– You (19 try / just) to impress me. If it was so	
good, why me a text	
yesterday?	

#### C Questions

These are answers. Write the questions and ask for the underlined part. [8 points, 2 points each]

Example:	He likes <u>spaghetti</u> .
	$\rightarrow$ What does he like?

1 They got married <u>a year ago</u> .	
	?
<b>2</b> Lily is playing cards with <u>her family</u> .	
	?
<b>3</b> He never tries hard <u>because he's a bit lazy</u> .	?
4 Knowing a lot makes her confident.	
	?

#### D Jumbled words

Put the words in the correct order and write complete sentences in the correct tense. Write positive or negative sentences or questions (?).

[6 points, 1 point for the correct subject and verb form **for the whole sentence**, 1 point for correct word order]

Examples:	earn / she / babysitting / week / £15 / from / a
	$\rightarrow$ She earns £15 a week from babysitting.
	famous / year / about / they / reading / people / not / enjoy / books / last
	ightarrow They didn't enjoy reading books about famous people last year.

1 oldest / beautiful / these / most / and / town / be / buildings / the / the / this / in	
2 you / English / not try / your / during / an / holidays / last / breakfast	
?	
3 bench / their / neighbour's / sleep / cats / garden / on / the	
Look!	

6	
---	--

#### E Open cloze

Complete the text with one suitable word. [10 points, 1 point each]

Example: They'd lived for some time \_\_\_\_\_ Switzerland.

 $\rightarrow$  They'd lived for some time <u>in</u> Switzerland.

#### Frida Kahlo

Frida Kahlo was a Mexican painter, known for mixing traditional Mexican folk art with surrealism. Surrealism is a form of art that is inspired by dreams and uses images that are symbolic of other things.

When Frida was young, she went to a prestigious school where she was studying medicine. (1) ...... she was there, she was in a terrible bus accident that broke (2) ...... all of her bones. She was able to walk again, but the pain remained with her for the rest of her life. After the accident she decided to spend all her time painting, (3)

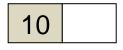
..... was what she loved to do.

At a young age she married the already famous painter Diego Rivera. He usually painted large murals<sup>1</sup> that showed the struggle of the working class in Mexico. Frida's paintings, however, were much (4) ..... personal. She painted many self-portraits, and (5) ...... many works about the traditions and culture of her country.

After becoming famous, she spent most of her time in the United States. She loved the traditional Mexican way of life, but was living in a heavily industrialized country. In the background of (6) ..... of her self-portraits, there are metal tubes and smokestacks<sup>2</sup> in one half of the picture, and in the (7) ....., scenes of traditional Mexican life and antique objects.

Many of Frida's paintings have symbols that are used again and again. One of (8) ...... is a monkey that is native to Mexico. Christian symbols, (9) ..... as the crown of thorns and the crucifix, are used in her work as well. The use of symbols, and the theme of identity in her work, is what caused many people to consider it surrealism. However, it is sometimes called magic realism, which is a style that shows very realistic things in unlikely situations.

Most of Frida's work was about her identity and (10) ..... she was from. She created many paintings about that, but also did a lot of writing.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> murals: large pictures that have been painted on the (outside) wall of rooms or buildings

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> smokestacks: tall chimneys that take away smoke from factories

#### F C-Test

Fill in the gaps. The gaps are always the second half of a word. In words with an uneven number of letters (1,3,5,7,9, etc.) it is the second half of a word plus one letter.

[9 points, 0.5 point each]

Example:	They are eat in t city centre.
	$\rightarrow$ They are eat <u>ing</u> in t <u>he</u> city centre.

#### Misadventure on a lovely picnic day

On a sunny Saturday morning in spr....., Sarah and her friends decided to have a picnic in their favourite local park. Sarah was in charge of organizing the picnic, and she had carefully prepared sandwiches, sna......, and a basket filled with refreshing drinks.

As they arrived at the park, the weather was per.....: clear skies, a gentle breeze, and the warmth of the s..... kissing their skin. They fo..... a beautiful, shaded spot under a tall oak tree, spread out their picnic blanket and began to unpack their feast.

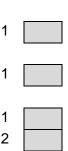
The sandwiches were a hit, the fr..... was juicy and the atmosphere was filled with laughter and chatter. Everything seemed to be going perfectly un...... Sarah's friend, Tom, decided to show off his n..... drone. He had recently bou..... a fancy drone with a built-in camera and was eager to test it out.

Tom carefully launched the drone into the air and it hovered perfectly, capturing stunning aerial shots of their picnic. Everyone was fascinated by the bird's eye view of the park. However, as Tom became more confident with the controls, disaster struck. In his excitement, Tom accidentally piloted the drone t..... close to a nearby tree. It got entangled in the branches, and i..... propellers got hopelessly stuck. Tom was unable to free it. They all watched in horror as the expe...... gadget<sup>3</sup> hung loosely from the tree, completely out of reach.

Sarah's heart sank as she realized the picnic had taken a disastrous turn. The gr...... spent the next hour trying to find out how to get the drone ba......, but it turned out to be impossible. Tom's new toy was now lo..... in the treetops and their picnic had turned into a rescue mission.

After some time, they decided to call the lo..... fire department<sup>4</sup> for help. Firefighters arrived with their tr..... and managed to retrieve the drone, but it was damaged beyond repair. Tom was very sad and the happy picnic atmosphere was gone.

Although the picnic had ended in a disaster, Sarah and her friends learned a valuable lesson that afternoon - sometimes it's best to leave the gadgets at home and just enjoy the sim...... pleasures of good company, food and nature.



1	
1	
2	

1	
1	
1	





1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> gadget: tool or item (often electronic) that does something useful

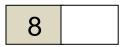
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> fire department: organization working to put out fires and to rescue people from fires

#### **G** Word formation

Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits (goes) into the gap in the same line.

[8 points, 1 point each]

Example:	I am going to tell you an	story.		IMPRESS
	$\rightarrow$ I am going to tell you anim	oressive_	_ story.	
e e	ers were agai e house burned completely down.	nst the	HELP	
	irs millions of not sure what killed them.	years ago.	APPEAR	
<b>3</b> Can you ple again?	ase this word	to me	EXPLANATIC	ON
<b>4</b> Are you your party?	because she wor	't come to	DISAPPOINT	MENT
5 Can I open	my presents, please? I am so	••••••	CURIOSITY	
6 Yesterday I and 3m wide.	my room: it's	4m long	MEASURABL	.E
7 In this store francs, euros c	can be made or US dollars.	in Swiss	PAY	
8 This music r	nakes everybody feel so		CHEER	



#### H Multiple choice

Underline only the correct option. [10 points, 1 point each]

#### Adventures in the Arctic

Three teenagers, Pen Hadow, Ann				
Daniels and Martin Hartley, have been in				
the Arctic for two months, living in				
cold temperatures to help	too	the most	extremely	
scientists find out about the effects of				
climate change. Pen talks to our journalist:				
"We take lots of measurements of the ice				
for scientists are analysing	who	which	they	
how climate change is affecting the Arctic.				
Most of the measurements are done by				
with the help of Martin.	themselves	Pen	me	
At the beginning of the trip the				
temperatures and the weather were				
horrible – sometimes the wind	because of	with	as well	
the temperature was as low as −70°C. It				
was so cold that we had problems getting				
anything to work - cookers, cameras -				
nothing likes this level of cold.				
At first it was constantly dark -	fast	almost	always	
only two hours of daytime, but now it is				
summer and we have daylight 24 hours a				
day! It is too – only about	very cold	much easier	a lot warmer	
-14°C at the moment. In fact, if it gets				
much warmer, we will be picked up earlier				
than planned because the ice will be too				
dangerous.				
When we were on our way to the place				
where we now, we had to do	are camping	were	talk	
our first swim of the expedition. It is				
something we were all We	afraid of	scared	prepared	
put our special 'immersion suits' on. It took				
us 20 minutes to swim across the water				
with all our equipment. I hope we do not				
have to do that too much more!				
Ann Daniels is our navigator and she				
does all the cooking. This is a	sometimes	also	perfectly	
very important job because she has to				
calculate the amount of calories that we				
need to give us the to survive.	energy	food	opportunity	
Most meals can be 'drunk' from thermal				
mugs. If the meals were not in thermal				
mugs, they would freeze solid."				
	1	1	I	

#### I Translation

Translate into English. [18 points]

Jau giess gugent a Londra. – Ti visitas fitg gugent grondas citads, u
 betg? – Gea, l'onn passà hai jau explorà Edinburgh. – Jau visitass era pli
 gugent grondas citads che ir a la mar.

Ich würde gerne nach London gehen. – Du besuchst leidenschaftlich gern grosse Städte, nicht wahr? – Ja, letztes Jahr erkundigte ich Edinburgh. – Ich würde auch lieber grosse Städte besuchen als ans Meer zu gehen.
(8 points)

– You are

2 Mia onda ha maridà in pur american e viva ussa en Texas. – Mes barba è s'inamurà en ina dunna canadaisa ed è emigrà a Toronto. – Tge èn ils avantatgs e dischavantatgs da viver en Canada? – Igl è pli multicultural, però la Svizra è pli bella.

Meine Tante hat einen amerikanischen Bauern geheiratet und lebt jetzt in Texas. – Mein Onkel hat sich in eine kanadische Frau verliebt und ist nach Toronto ausgewandert. – Was sind die Vor- und Nachteile in Kanada zu leben? – Es ist multikultureller, aber die Schweiz ist schöner.
(10 points)

..... in Texas.

#### J Error correction

There is one mistake in each sentence. Mark the mistake (0.5 point each) and write the correct word(s) instead, as in the example (0.5 point each), so that the sentence has a similar meaning. There are no spelling mistakes. [6 points]

Example:	Paul is going to church every Sunday.	
	$\rightarrow$ Paul <u>is going</u> to church every Sunday.	GOES

1 Little Sam is learning to drive a bike.	
2 He wants to become a professional cyclist when he grows.	
3 This churches were built in the 17 <sup>th</sup> century.	
4 The girls' team lost because Lisa injured.	
5 The police listen music to relax in their free time.	
6 My granddad isn't strong enough to lifting his feet.	



**Total Structures:** 



# Part III: Reading

#### K Reading

Read the text and answer according to the instructions. [20 points]

**1** Put the following sentences in the right place in the text, using the letters A - F. There is one letter you do not need to use. [10 points, 2 points each]

- A They do not like city walls covered with advertisements.
- **B** Street art has become part of a global visual culture.
- **C** Through street art the artists could express their feelings.
- **D** They think that these organisations disconnect art from everyday life.
- E And people have different opinions about the movement.
- **F** Graffiti art represented social and political rebellion.

#### The history of street art

Steet art can be found on buildings, sidewalks, street furniture and signage in urban areas from Tokyo to Paris to New York City. This distinctive style of art can take the form of paintings, sculptures, fabric or even stickers. Its international presence is supported by web sites, artist communities, books and magazines. \_\_\_\_\_ Now, even art museums and galleries are collecting the work of street artists.

It is not easy to provide an exact history of the street art movement. This kind of art has developed in many kinds of ways in places all over the world. Also, because it is illegal to paint public and private property without permission, street artists usually work secretly. This secretive nature of street art and its countless forms make it hard to define exactly. \_\_\_\_\_ Some think street art is a crime and destroys property. But others see this art as a rich form of nontraditional cultural expression. Many experts say the movement began in New York City in the nineteen sixties. Young adults would use paint in special cans to spray their 'tag' on walls and train cars around the city. This tag was a name they created to identify themselves and their artwork. This colourful style of writing is also called graffiti. It is visually exciting and energetic. Some graffiti paintings were signs marking the territories of city gangs or illegal crime groups.

Graffiti also became a separate movement expressing the street culture of young people living in big cities. \_\_\_\_\_ This was art that rejected the accepted rules of culture and power. These artists could travel around areas of the city making creative paintings for everyone to see. The artist could become famous without being officially recognised. Sometimes this street art created a dispute between artists and city officials. Graffiti artists created their images and city officials quickly painted over them.

Street artists have different reasons for choosing this special kind of creative act. Some artists do not approve of the commercial nature of galleries and museums. \_\_\_\_\_ They also like the fact that street art stays part of the city environment.

Some artists choose to express their political beliefs with their art. Some see street art as protesting the culture of big business and corporations. \_\_\_\_\_ These artists see these advertisements as examples of corporate aggression. They think that if an advertisement can be on a wall, so can their art. Other artists like the excitement of working the streets and trying not to get caught.

# **2** Read the questions and underline the correct answer(s). [10 points]

2.1.) Which is according to the text not a reason why it is hard to provide an exact history of the movement?

- a) Its countless forms.
- b) The artists usually work secretly.
- c) It is illegal to paint public and private property.
- d) Because everybody thinks it's a crime.

2.2.) What is according to the text not true about 'tags'?

- a) It was a name to identify the artist.
- b) It's also called graffiti.
- c) They were only sprayed on walls.
- d) They were signs marking territories.

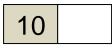
2.3.) What is according to the text not true about graffiti?

- a) It was a way to express their culture.
- b) City officials helped paint them.
- c) Everybody could see the paintings.
- d) The artist couldn't be officially recognised.

2.4.) What are according to the text two reasons why street artists choose this kind of art?

a) Some artists don't approve of the commercial nature of galleries.

- b) Some artists don't like that the art stays part of the city.
- c) Some artists don't like the excitement of trying not to get caught.
- d) Some artists don't like city walls covered with advertisements.
- e) Some artists don't see street art as protesting the culture of big business.



20

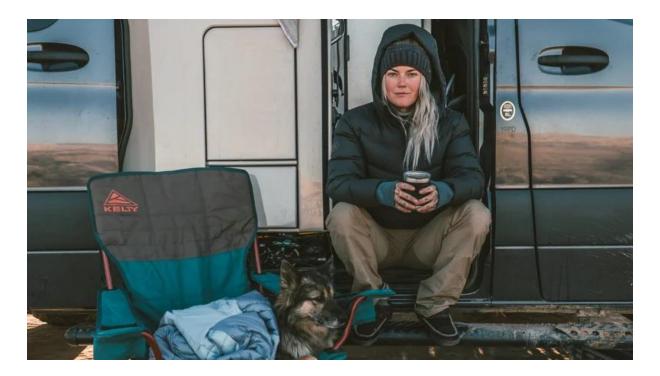
Total Reading:

# **Part IV: Writing**

#### L Writing

[20 points]

Task 1: Describe the picture. (40 – 50 words) Task 2: It was a long day. What did she do that day? (40 – 50 words) You have to do both tasks!



#### Task 1

		1	8 of 19		

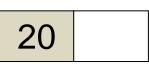
#### Task 2

 	 •••••		•••••	 •••••	 •••••	•••••		•••••
 	 	•••••	•••••	 •••••	 		•••••	
 	 			 	 •••••			
 •••••	 			 	 •••••			
 •••••	 			 	 			
 	 			 •••••	 			

#### For correction only:

content		linguistic competence	vocabulary	correctness	coherence
task 1	task 2				
/3	/3	/3	/3	/6	/2

Total Writing:



Overall total:	145	